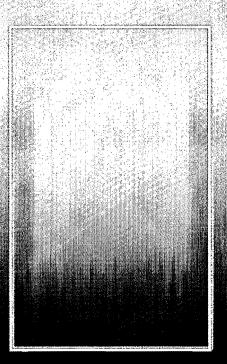
An Overview of Imaging Radar and Commercial Space Systems

May 2011

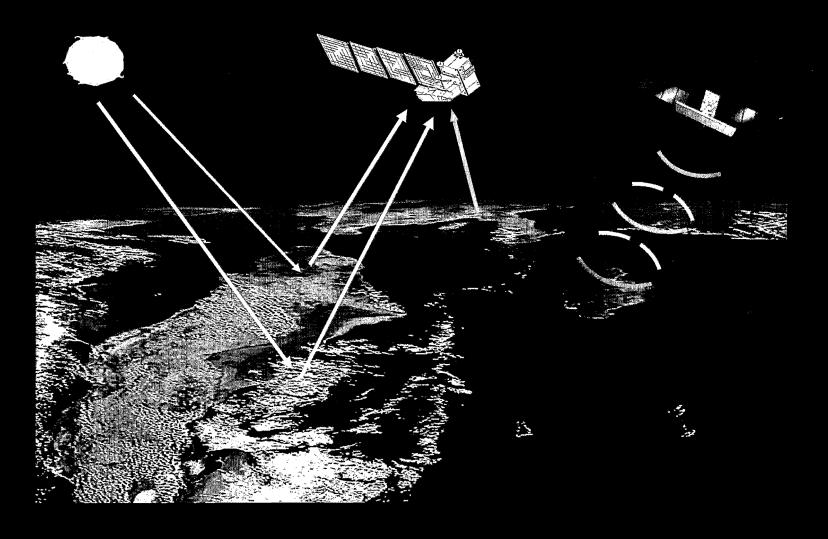
Thomas P. Ager Lead Radar Engineer







The Basis of Imaging





For Radar Clouds Don't Matter

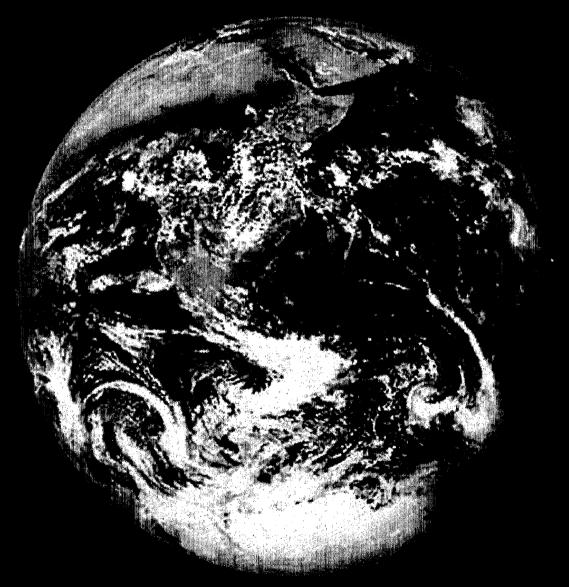
Properly selected radar frequencies are not affected by the atmosphere

Clouds, dust, gas content, rain





Planet Ocean





Other Useful Properties

- Sunlight not needed
 - Active sensor that provides its own illumination
- Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) technique provides high resolution
 - Resolution is based on the characteristics of the pulses and collection time
 - Distance does not degrade resolution
- There is no lens... So, flexible resolution and coverage in one system
 - High resolution, small area
 - Mid resolution, medium area
 - Low resolution, large area
- Coherent nature of radar energy
 - Harmonic synchronicity

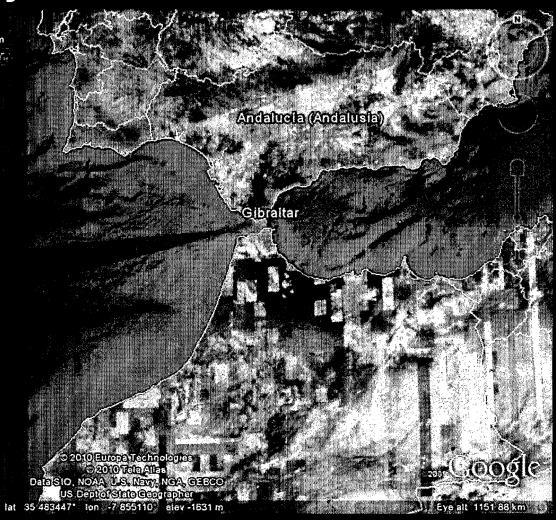
The New Commercial Space Radars

	RADARSAT2	TerraSAR-X TanDEM-X	Cosmo-Skymed
Launch Date	14 Dec 2007	15 July 2007 21 June 2010	8 Jun and 12 Dec 2007 25 Oct 08, 5 Nov 2010
Frequency Band	C-Band	X-Band	X-Band
Channel Polarization	Quad	Dual	Dual
Nominal Target Revisit Time at mid-latitudes	3 days	2.5 days	0.5 days (4 vehicles)
Best Resolution	0.8 m x 3 m	1 m	1 m
Widest Swath	500 km	100 km	200 km
	or Public Release 11-016	>> THE UNI	TED STATES OF AMERICA



Cosmo Skymed Strait of Gibraltar

Oct 1, 2008 6 am



Notice the geometry of collection...

Long duration exposure, side looking, long distance from ground area

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COSMO SkyMed Strait of Gibraltar

Image © 2010 DigitalGlobe

at 35 891946" ion -5 502446" elev 0 m

:00 Google

Eye alt 670 km 🕚

COSMO SkyMed ©ASI Processed and distributed by e-GEOS

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COSMO SkyMed

Myanmar Flooding in Irawady River Delta



COSMO SkyMed ©ASI Processed and distributed by e-GEOS



COSMO SkyMed

Antarctic Ice



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TerraSAR-X

Copper Mine, Chile



© Infoterra GmbH / DLR

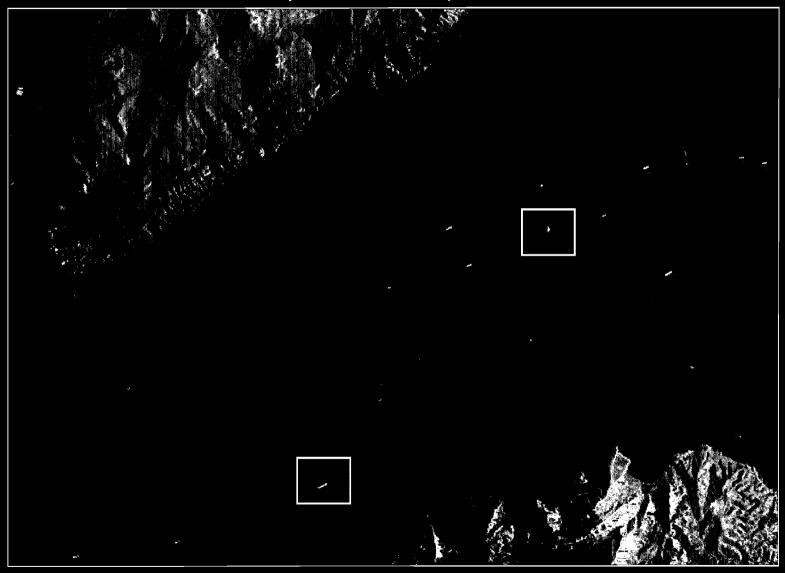
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TerraSAR-X

Ships, Wakes, Displacement



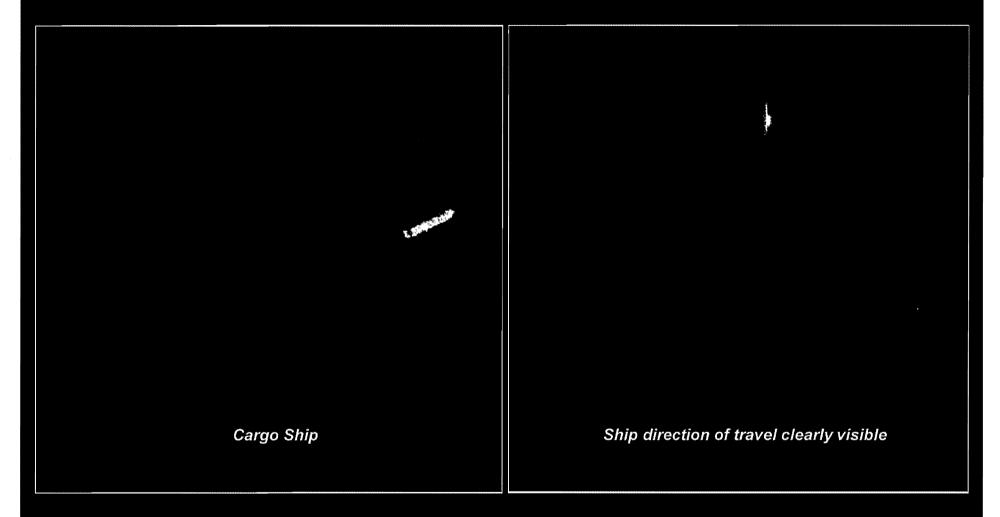
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Strait of Gibraltar

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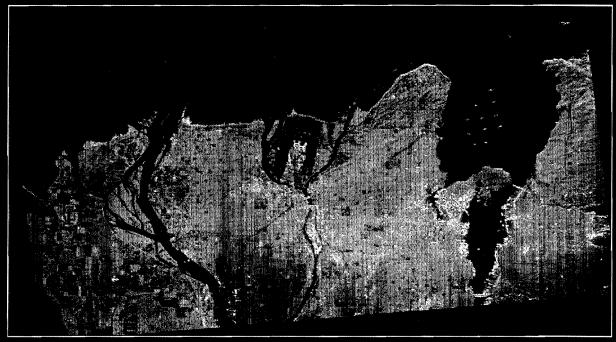
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RADARSAT 2

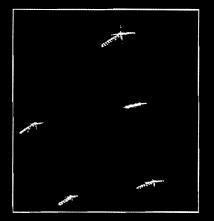
Vancouver, BC

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RADARSAT 2 Multi-Pol

Gulf of St Lawrence

RADARSAT 2

Mode: ScanSAR Narrow

Polarity: 1887

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RADARSAT 2 Multi-Pol

Gulf of St Lawrence

RADARSAT 2

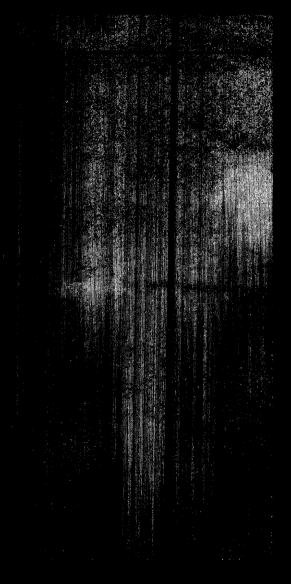
Mode: ScanSAR Narrow

Polarity: HH

Note the texture of the water returns. Notice any valuable information?

Perhaps we'd see it better if we could make the water disappear...

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RADARSAT 2 Multi-Pol

Gulf of St Lawrence

RADARSAT 2

Mode: ScanSAR Narrow

Polarity:

Mixed polarity... now use your ship detection software...

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RADARSAT2

Traditional Grayscale Image, Brazil



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RADARSAT2

Quad Polarimetric, Brazil



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HH, HV, VV, VH collected simultaneously

Three images projected through Red, Green, Blue color guns of monitor

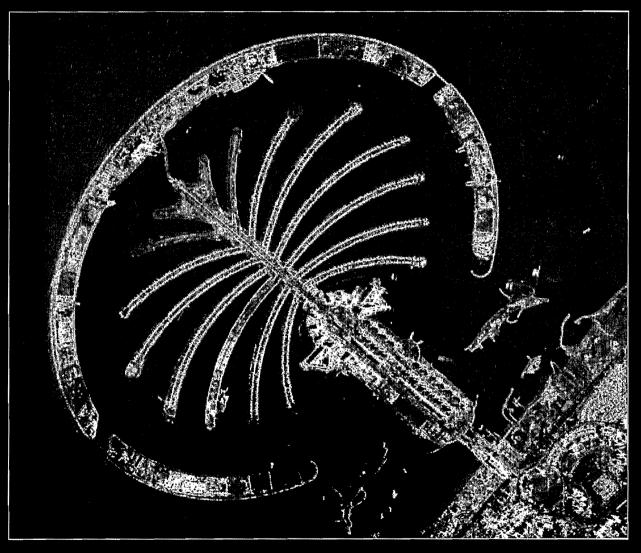
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TerraSAR-X

Palm Island, Dubai



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Colorized Surface Texture Image

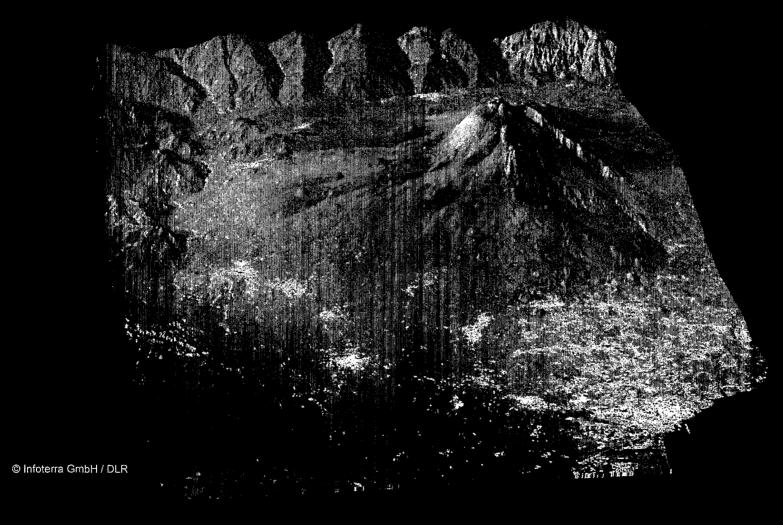


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TanDEM-X System

IFSAR Elevation Model, Mt Etna



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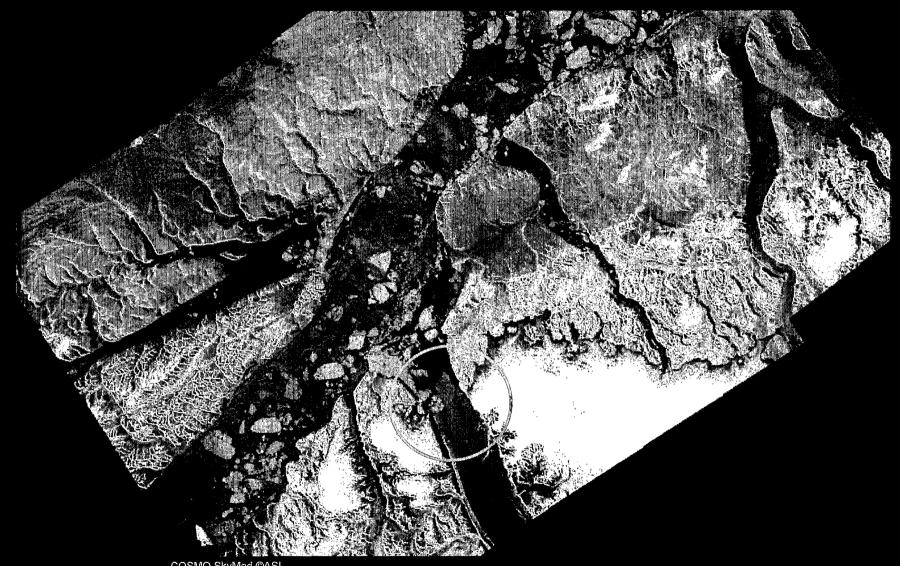
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Peterman Glacier... The Movie

Change Detection Series

Brought to you by Cosmo SkyMed



COSMO SkyMed ©ASI
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Slides show motion of glacier break up

Deleted to reduce file size



Properly selected frequencies are not affected by the atmosphere



Properly selected frequencies are not affected by the atmosphere Radar illumination is not reliant on sunlight



Properly selected frequencies are not affected by the atmosphere Radar illumination is not reliant on sunlight Synthetic Aperture Radar provides high resolution



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We control the frequency of the electromagnetic wave
We control the polarization of the electromagnetic wave
Radar processing generates images and many other products
She will be there when you need her

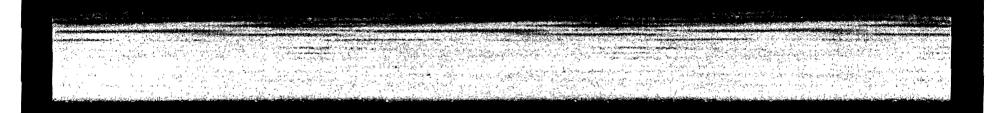


Properly selected frequencies are not affected by the atmosphere Radar illumination is not reliant on sunlight Synthetic Aperture Radar provides high resolution Radar sensors can vary resolution and coverage We control the frequency of the electromagnetic wave We control the polarization of the electromagnetic wave Radar processing generates images and many other products She will be there when you need her And ...



Radars emit waves in harmonic synchronicity

and the characteristics of the echoes are measured with exquisite precision





Thank You

Danke

Grazie