## GREENBOOK FORECASTS AND THE BUSINESS CYCLE

Neil R. Ericsson, Stedman B. Hood, Fred Joutz, Tara M. Sinclair, Herman O. Stekler<sup>\*</sup> December 13, 2013

## Preliminary and incomplete. Not for distribution without permission of the authors.

Abstract: Building on Sinclair, Joutz, and Stekler (2010), this paper examines the Federal Reserve Board's Greenbook forecasts of U.S. output growth, inflation, and the unemployment rate for potential biases. Standard tests typically fail to detect biases in current-quarter and one-quarter-ahead forecasts. However, impulse indicator saturation (IIS) detects economically large and highly significant time-varying biases for one-quarter-ahead forecasts. Biases depend on the variable being forecast, the forecast horizon, and the phase of the business cycle. IIS defines a generic procedure for examining forecast properties, it explains why standard tests fail to detect bias, and it provides a potential mechanism for improving forecasts.

*Keywords*: Autometrics, bias, Federal Reserve, forecasts, GDP, Greenbook, impulse indicator saturation, inflation, unemployment, United States.

JEL classifications: E58, C53.

<sup>\*</sup>The first author is a staff economist in the Division of International Finance, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551 USA, and a Research Professor of Economics, Department of Economics, The George Washington University, Washington, DC 20052 USA. The second author is a senior research assistant in the Division of International Finance, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551 USA. The third, fourth, and fifth authors are Professors of Economics, Department of Economics, The George Washington University, Washington, DC 20052 USA. The authors may be reached on the Internet at ericsson@frb.gov and ericsson@gwu.edu, stedman.b.hood@frb.gov, bmark@gwu.edu, tsinc@gwu.edu, and hstekler@gwu.edu respectively. The views in this paper are solely the responsibility of the authors and should not be interpreted as reflecting the views of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or of any other person associated with the Federal Reserve System. The authors are grateful to David Hendry, Ricardo Nunes, Steve Sharpe, and Bob Tetlow for helpful discussions and comments. All numerical results were obtained using PcGive Version 14.0B3, Autometrics Version 1.5e, and Ox Professional Version 7.00 in OxMetrics Version 7.00: see Doornik and Hendry (2013) and Doornik (2009a).